TUESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1865.

To Correspondents.

" New-York.

Mail subscribers, \$10.00 SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

1 copy, 1 year—52 numbers, \$2.50 Clubs of five or over, \$2 per copy, and an extra copy for every Club of ten. THE TRIBUNE, New-York.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE WAR.

Kings County gets credit under the last call for 5,543 men, which leaves 2,062 to be raised. There ought to be no difficulty in escaping a draft.

attempting to bribe a Union officer while in Memphis.

Toronto papers say that the story that a number of cunboats were coming from England for service

bettle and were on the hospital ground with smple supplies several hours before the wounded arrived.

A Washington telegram says that the whole matter of the exchange of prisoners of war is now in the hands of Gen. Grant, and there is reason to be lieve that a full exchange will soon be effected.

GENERAL NEWS

The Senate has ratified the treaties with the North-Western bands of Shoshoonee Indians, establishthat hostilities and all depredations upon the emigran of the United States within their country, shall cease. The boundaries of their country, as claimed and Valley; on the south by Toodoe or Green Mountains, and on the east by Great Salt Lake, Tuilla and Eash tions whenever the President shall deem it expedient for them to do so, and become herdamen or agricultur- questions straight in the face. money, provisions, and goods. The Indians also ngrey that the Pacific Railroad shall not be molested, that military posts, etc. may be constructed, the gold and they may be required.

A private dispatch from Julesburg, Colorado Territory, to Atchison, dated Jan. 16, as a that the Indians have burned a large number of stations on the Overland Mail route, killed a teamster, and stolen many stopped, all transportation of freight to Colorado, Utah, and Montana is cut off. And the entire population of the Territories is shut out from intercour-

the Court of General Sessions, before Judge Rossell against Bernard Friery, for the murder of the purplet Harry Lazarus; but very little progress was mad 40 and 50 persons were examined, and only 4 s vort in the principal obstacle being that most of them baformed opinions through hearsay or the newspaper ac-

fareful accident on a railroad in Pear selv. zumber of cars and killing and wounding a handred with what little hope the future holds out to it. pumber of cass and killing and wounding a nandred persons. No such occurrence took place. There was a lit is ready to grant our utmost demand—lay shight collision on the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad, down its arms and submit. How strong this

from the mortality of the previous week. The majorny known to us which it is not safe now to make of the deaths occurred amour children under five years public. But they must be known ere long, of age, the number being 224. Of the classification of and from that moment our public affairs will diseases, consumption has had the greatest number of assume a new aspect. victims, the total of which was 89.

to the Second U. S. Infantry, stationed at Governor's Island, on Saturday night last was found a short mere conjectures to go upon. Now the public distance from his quarters with the base of his skull mind is feverish and excited for want of accurate Beaten in. No cine to his assassin has yet been dis knowledge, and because it can trust only to signs be allowed to withdraw from it on the one side

broke the window and pushed his head in, when the that lies behind it. Mr. Blair's first visit to broke the window and pushed his head in, when the Richmond was neither fruitless nor use- our RECRUPTING SYSTEM-POSIaxe, and deliberately made mince-meat of the body. less, or it would not have been repeated.

ithe rate broke to 1371 and closed at 104 2009 for skety days, and dails, and hankers' can be had at 104 2009 for skety days, and gold. It has been going down for weeks, with plof for three days. France, 5, 1025, 154. Government Stocks certain flustrations attributable merely to specture and close dull. Money is abandant at certain flustrations attributable merely to specture and close dull. Money is abandant at show a material decline, and close dull. Money is abundant at nlation. Gold-gamblers and brokers are not the bounties to be taken from them, or awaiting \$67 per cent, and the Stock Exchange cannot employ the capsold after the call at 200 and down to 158. There w transactions. At the close of the report Gold stood at 1963.

taken action on the subject.

The Maryland Legislature of war. It place of increasing, during the same time; and we as too many of these volunteers desert immeters of the success of the Confederacy is gloomy, indicates either a want of strength or a want of asked the Legislature to take cognizance of the diately on being offered any chance of escape, the indicates either a want of strength or a want of indicates either a want of indicates eit

The Rebel Congress has passed the bill (by is only another evidence of a failing cause. an almost unanimous vote in each house creating the office of Commander-in-Chief, with command. One of the Richmond papers of late the coming day, and do not choose to shut our 7.00 securing foreign recognition.

A WORD ON PEACE.

There are men who talk as if war were a normal condition, and who start at the suggestion of peace as if some wrong were done the out no longer? There comes always a time when have reached that point, but the signs are, at Collector of St. Louis County, Mo., has been sentenced due consideration. Unwise, or at least thoughtby the Commanding-General, at Memphis, to barish- less men, remember only that we have been at ment south of the lines, and a time of \$10,000, on charges war but four years, while other nations have, with of burning, or couniving at the burning, of Govern- more or less patience, endured its calamities ten, twenty, thirty years, with far less at stake. equal to five years of war a century or half a century ago. The desolation that followed the thirty years of war in Germany was not in the last four years has been visited one Nation composed of many States. upon the rebellious States of the South. Half of Virginia is a desert; Tennessee is a barren waste; the young men of the South are in their graves; the old men are reduced to of the authority of the United States, Mr. Clav poverty; the industrial system of all the Slave States is destroyed; from Mason and Dixon's paramount allegiance to my whole country; I ing peace and triendship, the several bands stipulating Line to the Rio Grande, desolution covers the land. The Confederacy has nothing left but an impoverished territory over which our armies can march at will, a single sorely beleaguered army, and an Idea. How much longer can they middle of the Great Desert; on the west by Stepte | fight for this? How near are they to the end of their resources? What courage and endurance are still left in the people! They have reached that point when they must look these

On the other hand, we are stronger than ever. The war has developed our strength, our wealth and our resources. We are stronger, infinitely silver mines worked, and mining and agricultural set stronger and more capable of beginning an exhaustive war to-day than we were the day when the first shot was fired at Fort Sumter. We have grown strong as the Rebels have grown weak, and they know it well who best

In the natural course of things, then, peace is above dispatch shows that the Overland road is fully in imminent. It may be the imminence of weeks possession of the hostile Indians. The overland mail or of months; certainly it cannot be delayed beyond the duration of one more campaign. Circumstances peculiarly favorable to the Rebellion-for the devil takes care of his ownmay possibly postpone it to the next Autumu, out the chances in its favor are few and growing daily fewer. The North wants peace, provided the terms and conditions shall suit it. There is unquestionably a party at the South are; ready to accede to anything that we demand; that wants peace for its own sake. Impoverished, weary, bereaved, hopeless, it night, a dispatch reached as recording very briefly a only asks that it may come back to the Unioncome back with what life there is left to it. whereby six persons were injured, but none of them party is as compared with the "last ditch" The whole number of deaths in this city during the past week was 448, being a decrease of 42 being a decrease of 4

we shall have something more positive than vention of 1861, propounding essentially the covered. Coroner Gamble will hold an inquest on the and portents. But these are very significant. body to-day.

The opposition to Mr. Davis in the Rebel Conthreats of The News are at once preposterous A guerrilla attacked the shop of a lonely gress is bold and defiant. It knows the strength and impotent. red. Last evening stocks were not very strong. Gold arbiters of our destiny. They cannot make their trials in due course of law, and taking

Foote had penned a resignation as a Representisgn of the beginning of the end. Besides, it cuts Committee had been raised to investigate his cor from without, and paralyzed with fear from

> We are not more sanguine than our neighbors; nor are we more hopeful of or anxious for exhaustion always brings to all wars.

WHY NOT DO IT!

For weary months, the Rebel organs rave Notice to Subscribers to the highest good of the people, though all may not be attained which the victorious party, at just at this time to send the money for renewal of the abscriptions as promptly as possible. Our multi-books are undergoing a revision which renders it necessary for all expired subscriptions to be paid immediately. New Soff THE DAY.

It is no for peace as if some wrong were done the been boasting of the immense, untouched Milliary resources still remaining to them in the keep the secret of such other prison-recruits as they would still old straw over again:

This subject of arming and liberating their slaves and threatening that they would, if pressed a Ettle harder or further, let loose upon us a perfect avalanche of negro solved to expiate the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of the solvent of the particularly requested the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of the prison-recruits. Solved to expiate the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of such other prison-recruits as the persons of their slaves, and threatening that they would, if pressed a Ettle harder or further, let loose upon us a perfect avalanche of negro solved to expiate the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of the solvent of the particularly requested the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of the solvent of the persons of their slaves, and threatening that they would, if pressed a Ettle harder or further, let loose upon us a perfect avalanche of negro solved to expiate the offenses of their former lives by gallantry and devotion in the service of the solvent on the solvent may have remained faithful to their oaths of the persons of their slaves, and threatening that they would if pressed a Ettle harder or further, and who, perhaps, may have remained faithful to their oaths of the persons of their slaves, and threatening that they would it is a s been boasting of the immense, untouched Miliknow; then why don't you bring them on ?" This or Navy to avoid the zebra-suits of Sing the last is the vital question, and when it comes shuts them up very close; and, when they next Sing or the penitentiary, slmost invariably peace is inevitable. We may or we may not recur to the subject, they go back to the begin- desert, either to the rear or to the enemy, at the least, significant, and wise men will give them vincingly but needlessly-the vast Military taught how easy a crime desertion is "to perresource possessed by them in their remaining Two Millions and over of Slaves.

Massachusetts is not a nation; nor is Newworld as 'the United States of North America;' we hope it will yet have a name less lumbering and more convenient; but even this one is greater, probably not so great, as that which rightly understood by mankind as indicating

When Jefferson Davis in the United States Senate in 1850 asked Henry Clay if he would obey a requisition of Kentucky in contravention answered promptly and severely "No: I owe a owe a subordinate fidelity to my own State.' Such is the doctrine so triumphantly puintained by Webster in his memorable debate with attempt to nullify a law of the United States. Such is the doctrine of American loyalty and nationality, as opposed to the vagaries of Nullification and Disunion.

The Constitutional Convention now sitting in Missouri has made a distinct and thorough affirm-Constitution now in preparation by that body, to the intense disgust of all Rebels and Rebeisympathizers. Herenpon, The Daily News feels Jeff. Davis, wording it as follows:

-There is a very short and sharp answer to News ; and it is the Great Valley of the Ohio, Missouri and Upper Mississippi which has firmly resolved that our country shall not be broken up and the Great West shut off from any absolute right of access to foreign markets by the disintegration of our Union. This resolve has been formally evinced in other States as well as The body of John Connigan, a soldier attached They will assume a new aspect, because then in Missouri; Illinois, for instance, by her Consame truth, with hardly a dissenting voice. The Union is a fixed fact, and States will neither nor be kicked out of it on the other. The

TIVE ALLEGATIONS.

New-Ports Daily Cribuite taive, but withheld it upon learning that a them offfrom all foreign aid; and hopeless of suc- locked up during the past year, who were re- half their estates for the purpose of procuring within, such an event is accepted as having ing; or who, having been tried and sentenced, peat the same operation. We have to-day paid more import than the mere capture of a fort. It have had their sentences suspended for the same for more than three times the number of men re reason. This statement," we urged, "should quired to put down this Rebellion; but never contain the charges for which these persons until the joint systems of "bounty-swindling" were arrested, together with the pseudonyms or and "bounty-jumping" are put down, can we the most unpalatable addition, for Davis, that peace; neither do we pretend to more wisdom. aliases under which they were mustered and have a cessation of new calls for more soldiers Joe Johnston ought to be restored to active But we hall the flush of those bright streaks of sworn in as soldiers. This list," we further to take the places of the comparatively few who suggested, "should be kept secret, so far as the have been killed, and the multitudes who have command. One of the Richmond papers of late date has a doleful article recommending the impressment of all the cotton in the Rebel impressment of all the abandonment of Slavery; in short, anything and everything for the sake of prophesy at all, but we believe the utter ex- thereupon of the names of all such prison-re- a sieve to ladle water with, and a large hole in haustion of the Rebels portends the result which cruits as have subsequently deserted; and then sandy soil as the reservoir in which the ladied a publication of the names of such deserters, water is to be put aside for future use. together with the full circumstances under which they were enlisted, would not only be in order, but might prove an act of the highest head neighbors thus desperately threshes the public utility; -- while such a course would still old straw over again:

> ning, and demonstrate over again-quite con- first chance; and that, having thus once been sons of their trained criminal ingenuity," they then take up the business of "bounty-jumping" as a profession, traveling the country in gangs, and "jumping the bounty" at every recruitingdepot within their line of march. We even cited the case of one Police-Justice who, for a personal object, had caused four arrested persons to be enlisted-three of them being sent by him out of the City of New-York, and therefore not credited to our quota, and one of them giving proof that he had been "pinched" of more than the verious armies in the field. This pected that they will participate in all the half his bounty by the "Friendly Lawyer" Pect (i. e., friendly with the Police-Justice) who ecured his release from the Tombs. Out of how much the other three recruits had been 'pinched," no one can tell-their commanding villains had deserted a few days after joining their regiments, and there being no record on the regimental books to show that the fourth for man, who probably escaped en route, had ever

Of course, we are far from asserting that all the recruits sent from Manhattan Island to the war during the past two years are of this characwar during the past two years are of this character—far from it; nor are the police practices of which we complain confined to this city in particular. A recent memorial addressed to the Secretary of War by a body of Philadelphia gentlemen sets forth the same evils, precisely, as existing in the criminal machinery of that city; and we have excellent reasons for believing that, while Boston is importing soldiers by the ship-load from the off-scourings of European capitals and villages, her authorities have not overlooked the large amount of bad military not overlooked the large amount of the same of the rewarded with freedom, and the means of obtaining a comfortable liverishood.

The soldier will be rewarded with freedom, and the means of obtaining a comfortable liverishoud.

It is not taought by any of the leading ment of the south th bound to enter a protest in behalf of its master, pean capitals and villages, her authorities have material which can be gleaned from the cells of her police courts and prisons. Indeed we have as for our other statements in regard to this matter-that a regular system of exchange has been for some time in vogue between certain of the policemen and police justices of this and other cities, New-York sending her worst prison-recruits to Boston, Philadelphia or some other recruiting depot, on the local records of which no charge of crime can be found against for the proposed soldier; and the police authorities of Philadelphia, Boston, &c., reciprocating in like manner with regard to New-York. We have already alleged, and have before us the affidavits and papers to prove, that at least one that, as a general rule, this whole class of "bad subjects" are now sent off to whatever county, State or town, may be willing to pay the highest bounties?

For all the material allegations of our original charges in regard to "the enlistment system in this city." we hold, and have before us as we write, ample evidence in the form of official reports from high military officers, and affidavits of the most convincing and conclusive character. The joint systems of "bounty-swindling" and "bounty-jumping" must be abated at whatever cost to our civic, or State, or national pride; for nothing is more true than "that this war must be fought out, and not bought out;" and that no expenditures of money can make up for the absence of honest, able-bodied, skilled, and courageous men from the ranks of our various armies. This whole matter is one which den ands prompt attention at the hands not only of all in authority, but likewise of all having the real interests of our country at heart; and in the legislation upon the subject of Bounties, now under advisement at Albany, our lies, now under advisement at Albany, our lies now are constantly as the lies of the bill and the provise and advised to extend the lies of the bill and the lies of the lies of the bill and the lies of the lies o Deaving the pieces for the swine to devour.

Gold opened at 2014, rose to 2023, and was steady that every negro in the South is at heart for the agency of our Police and Police and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and in the legislation upon the subject of Bountage and In the legislation upon the subject of Bounta

We too sadly know that there are persons so unpatriotic, or so averse themselves to military party against him? Does he dread some sud- forth that certain of our policemen, police jus- sional "bounty-jumpers" having their head-Representative Foote, of the Rebel Govern- den movement of the Union party in any par- tices and other criminal authorities, have been quarters in our city; and each one of these the whose arrest and return to Richmond we ticular State? The gold-gamblers know, in the habit of discharging persons arrested for rascals is the representative of from ten to thirty have recorded, has made an explanation to the Their friends at Richmond advise them very nearly all grades of felonies and minor able-bodied soldiers for whom our tax-payers, of coming events, and gold touches 200- offenses, on the condition of their enlisting and all over the country, have paid heavy bounties, ranging terms of Peace. He says the prospect But it was more than an accident of war. It place of increasing, during the same time; and we as too many of these volunteers desart imme-

"for a full record of all the persons arrested and assess themselves to the value of nearly one leased without trial in consideration of enlist- another set of recruits, who only enlist to re-

A Rebel correspondent of one of our Copper-

whose immediate predecessors had been superseded in rapid succession, and whose subjects naturally speculated on his early recail, that he staggered if he did not absolutely stifle Madame Rumor by assiduously planting the vicinage of our police justices is in the babit of sending of the Vice-Regal residence with trees that his prison-recruits out of New-York City to be would not become of any service or value for disted. Is it, therefore, at all improbable several years—the inference, readily drawn by all who approached 'the Castle,' being that his METHOPOLITAN SANITARY DISTRICT OF THE STATE C Lordship meant to stay a good while, and had no doubt that he would be required to do so. If the Rebels should now enter upon the organization of negro regiments, with intent to make them serviceable two or three years hence, the finesse would be considerably more threadbare than that of the Lord-Lieutenant.

The felon on the gallows-tree who

'Now fitted the halter, now traversed the cart, And often took leave, but seemed loth to depart,' seems to have a very close counterpart in these conspirators to uphold a Slaveholders' Rebellion by the bayonets of slaves. "Is n't our pride; for nothing is more true than "that plan admirable!" they are constantly asking;

at 2014 until after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions. It is a state of the complete, arrive at this conclusion. Not less significant after 24 p. m. The delivenes were and more instructions and will fight, if at all, for the complete, arrive at this conclusion. Not less significant arrive at this conclusion. Not less significant arrive at this conclusion. State Senators and Assemblymen would do well be a senator of the complete, arrive at this conclusion. State Senators and Assemblymen would do well be a senator of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and a senator of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and a senator of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and a senator of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and a senator of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and a senator of the complete arrive at the conclusion of the complete arrive at this conclusion. The deliveness were and the conclusion of the c the side that proffers freedom at once and freedom for all, and that which proposes to grant freedom several years hence to a favored or service, that they are willing to tolerate, palliate, daring few, the slaves will not hesitate. They peace, but they are careful observers of the signs their chances of convictions which would send that herald it. Those who command the market them to State Prison or the Penitentiary. All other class of persons—no matter what their devised it—who believe it just, necessary, be-FORT CASWELL.

It has been erroneously stated that Admirat the providing that in place of the present duty providing that in place of the present duty for central dependence of "bounty-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared to defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity. Suppose of "bounty-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared the necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared to defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity. Suppose of "bounty-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared to defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. Money is a great power, and compared to defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity overcome, who can feel any assur-quarters. It has been erroneously stated that Admirat the quotas of our City and State, and thus save defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity. Suppose of the provider of the quotas of our City and State, and thus save defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored necessity. Suppose of the feel and save defend Slavery and only submit to partial eman-cipation as a dire, deplored nec In the House of Representatives, yesterday, a are advised, not only of all that is going on these quasi denials of this practice, be it re previous character or physical fitness—to fill up neficent, rather than to those who still love and Ab, Messieurs! you must realize that there are caution, cunning, and even some gleam of shrewdness, under the thickest human skull that is thatched with the curliest wool.

We wish the Dabot the state of the parts be levied or collected. The Senate has not yet the evacuation of Richmond? Does Davis look Our charge in a recent article, relative to the beyond the requirements of the war. There it? Ah, Messienrs! you must realize that there belowed are collected. The Senate has not yet the evacuation of Richmond? Does Davis look our charge in a recent article, relative to the beyond the requirements of the war. There it? Ah, Messienrs! you must realize that there are to-day from three to five thousand professive the evacuation of Richmond? Does Davis look of the evacuation of Richmond? Does Davi

fight and die "as slaves" in behalfof a Slave- Prize Sate Postpored The Late Mr. Evermake mad provided for sending ms whe to ner talls below it. The spublic believe that the mere fall of Fort Fisher cannot the mere fall of the sale of the object of the system, or want of system, or wan

---- ---- TEGGETATION NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE. SENATE ... ALBANT, Jan. 23, 1860

BILLS REPORTED.

To remove the restriction as to fare on the Hudson River Railroad.

To equalize the compensation of Justices of the Seperior Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals.

For the appointment of Commissioners to erect agarmery for the 8th Regiment.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Incorporating the American Literary Railway Lit

ury Union.

The Metropolitan Health Bill.
Regularing the use of slips and wharves leased to the
New-York Mail Sceamship Co.
For aid to the Children's Aid Society of New-York.
Several bills were ordered to a third reading.

ASSEMBLY. Mr. BURNS gave notice of a bill to reduce ate of fare on the Fulton Ferry to one cent and on fudson Avenue Ferry to two cents.

The Metropolitan Health bills and Metropolitan 3 not Fire bill were introduced; also, a bill increase the control of the centre of the central full servers.

the pay of justices of session to 85 per diem.

BILLS ORDERED TO A THIRD READING.

Incorporating the New York Yacht Club.
Incorporating the Atlantic Base Ball Club.
Incorporating the Union Yacht Club of New York.

Adjourned.

RELIEF TO FAMILIES OF DRAFTED MEN.

Mr. Van Buen introduced a bill praviding that four experienced possicians in regular practice within a Metropolitan Series District shall be appointed Sontary Commissioners, for the purpose of preserving the public heart, and to preven the spread of discontinuous forms. The term of office of each Commissioner is to be commissioner at the control of to be eight years, after the expiration of a which are mentioned in the .d section of a which are mentioned in the .d section of a manner that the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the University of the Communication in the Regents of the manner that the Regents of the University are neclected. After the Sanitary Commissioners shall be taken the eath of office they may appear a Secret and Treasurer of the Board. Any member of sur Board who shall during his term accept of any point. nomination or office of trust other than a pro-or no office in an institution of scient thereby be deemed as having vected his me. The theoretic is empowered to remove any a the Fourd upon proper cause being shown member may have been guilty of dereliction rolving serious expense for ascertaining the existence and cause of unusual or threatening discusses.

Legislative Coucus.

ATLANY, Monday, Jap. 23, 1853.

In a canons of the Democratic members of the Legislature this evening, Isaac Batts of Dodost was nominated as the candidate for Regent of the University.

From Washington. Washington, Monday, Jan. 22, 1863.

is thatched with the curliest wool.

We wish the Rebels believed that the shrewdest and bravest of their negroes would gladly will be in Wilmington before long.